

Protection Relays

RT

NA016 FEEDER PROTECTION RELAY THE ECONOMICAL SOLUTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF LINES AND TRANSFORMERS

— Application

The relay type NA016 can be used in radial networks as feeder or power transformer protection. In solidly grounded systems the residual overcurrent protection can be used on feeders of any length, while in ungrounded or Petersen coil and/or resistance grounded systems, the residual overcurrent protection can be used on feeders of small length in order to avoid unwanted trippings due to the capacitive current contribution of the feeder on external ground fault.

The NA016 protection relay may be shipped with traditional CTs or low power (LPCT) current inputs. The relay complies with CEI 0-16 requirements.



— Measuring inputs

Three phase current inputs and one residual current input, with nominal currents independently selectable at 1 A or 5 A (traditional CTs) or three phase currents for low-power CT (LPCT) with selectable rated current.

— Output relays

Four output relays are available (two changeover contacts); each relay may be individually programmed as normal state (normally energized or de-energized) and reset mode (manual or automatic).

A programmable timer is provided for each relay (minimum pulse width). The user may program the function of each relay in accordance with a matrix (tripping matrix) structure.

— Binary inputs

- Three binary inputs are available with predefined functions:
- IN1 acquisition of 52b auxiliary contact for CB position capture
- IN2 acquisition of 52a auxiliary contact for CB position capture
- IN3 Trip circuit Supervision (TCS).

— Construction

The NA016 protection relay case is suitable for flush or rack mounting.

— MMI (Man Machine Interface)

The user interface comprises a membrane keyboard ^[1], a back-light LCD alphanumeric display and eight LEDs.

- The green ON LED indicates auxiliary power supply and self diagnostics,
- The yellow LED START, no-latched, indicates Start of the I>, I>>, I>>>, IE>, IE>> elements
- The red LED TRIP, no-latched, indicates Trip of the I>, I>>, I>>>, IE>, IE>> elements
- The red LED 1, latched, indicates Trip of the I>, I>>, I>>> elements
- The red LED 2, latched, indicates Trip of the IE>, IE>> elements
- The red LED 3, no-latched, indicates the 52a state (CB position)^[2]
- The red LED 4, no-latched, indicates the 52a state (CB position))^[2]
 The red LED 5, no-latched, indicates the TCS state^[2].

Note 1- Keys (CB open) and (CB close) are disabled Note 2 - Enabled only with Logger option



– Metering

NA016 provides metering values for phase and residual currents, making them available for reading on a display or to communication interfaces.

Input signals are sampled 64 times per period and the RMS value of the fundamental component is measured using the DFT (Discrete Fourier Transform) algorithm and digital filtering.

The measured signals can be displayed with reference to nominal values or directly expressed in amperes.

Self diagnostics

All hardware and software functions are repeatedly checked and any anomalies reported via display messages, communication interfaces, LEDs and output relays.

Anomalies may refer to:

- Hw faults (auxiliary power supply, output relay coil interruptions, ...).
- Sw faults (boot and run time tests for data base, EEPROM memory checksum failure, data BUS,...).

— Firmware updating

The use of flash memory units allows on-site firmware updating.

Programming and settings

All relay programming and adjustment operations may be performed through MMI (Keyboard and display) or using a Personal Computer with the aid of the ThySetter software. The same PC setup software is required to set, monitor and configure all Pro_N devices.

Description	pgrade Optional Fu	nctions Preferenc	
26 States of the second	Value	Um	State
I>Curve	IEC/BS B		File
l>inv	1.00	In	File
t>inv	1.00	s	File
l>>def	7.00	In	File
t>>def	0.03	s	File
aker t>>RES	0	ms	File
A B			The second seco
	t>inv I>>def t>>def	t+inv 1.00 >>def 7.00 t>>def 0.03 >>RES 0	t+inv 1.00 s t>def 7.00 in t>def 0.03 s t>RES 0 ms

— Data storage^[3]

Several useful data are stored into a non volatile memory.

• Sequence of Event Recorder

The event recorder runs continuously capturing in circular mode the last one hundred events upon trigger of binary input/output.

• Sequence of Fault Recorder

The fault recorder runs continuously capturing in circular mode the last twenty faults upon trigger of binary input/output and/or element pickup (start-trip).

- Settings recording Following some setting changes the last ten changes are recorded in circular mode (Data Logger CEI 0-16)
- Trip counters

Note 3 - The data-logger is available according to the CEI 0-16 standard; version with Logger must be requested when ordering.

– Communication

Two communication interfaces are implemented:

- One RS232 local communication front-end interface for communication with ThySetter setup software
- One RS485 port using ModBus® RTU or IEC 60870-5-103 for communication with remote monitoring and control systems.

— Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillography)^[4]

Upon trigger of tripping/starting of each function or external signals, the relay records in COMTRADE format:

- Oscillography with instantaneous values for transient analysis.
- RMS values for long time periods analysis.
- · Logic states (binary inputs and output relays).

Note 4 - A licence for the digital fault recorder function is required.

THYTRONIC _____

S P E C I F I C A T I O N S

GENERAL

	GENERAL		
_	Mechanical data		
	Mounting:		flush, rack
	Mass (flush mounting case)		1.2 kg
_	Insulation tests		
	Reference standards		EN 60255-5
	High voltage test 50Hz	,	2 kV 60 s
	Impulse voltage withstand (1.2/50 µ Insulation resistance	ls)	5 kV >100 MΩ
			>100 10122
—	Voltage dip and interruption		
	Reference standards	Εſ	V 61000-4-29
_	EMC tests for interference imm	nunity	
	1 MHz damped oscillatory wave	EN 60255-22-1	1 kV-2.5 kV
	Electrostatic discharge	EN 60255-22-2	8 kV
	Fast transient burst (5/50 ns) Conducted radio-frequency fields	EN 60255-22-4 EN 60255-22-6	4 kV 10 V
	Radiated radio-frequency fields	EN 60255-22-0	10 V/m
	High energy pulse	EN 61000-4-5	2 kV
	Magnetic field 50 Hz	EN 61000-4-8	1 kA/m
	Damped oscillatory wave	EN 61000-4-12	2.5 kV
	Ring wave	EN 61000-4-12	2 kV
	Conducted common mode (0150 kHz)	EN 61000-4-16	10 V
_	Emission		
	Reference standards	EN 61000-6-4 (ex	EN 50081-2)
	Conducted emission 0.1530 MHz		Class A
	Radiated emission 301000 MHz		Class A
_	Climatic tests		
	Reference standards IEC	60068-x, ENEL R C	LI 01, CEI 50
_	Mechanical tests		
	Reference standards	EN 60255-21-	-1, 21-2, 21-3
	Coloty as an incoments		
_	Safety requirements Reference standards		EN 61010-1
	Pollution degree		3
	Reference voltage		250 V
	Overvoltage		111
	Pulse voltage		5 kV
	Reference standards		EN 60529
	Protection degree: • Front side		IP52
	Rear side, connection terminals		IP20
_	Environmental conditions		05 . 70 00
	Ambient temperature Storage temperature		-25+70 °C -40+85 °C
	Relative humidity		1095 %
	Atmospheric pressure		70110 kPa
	Contifications		
_	Certifications Product standard for measuring re	lave	EN 50263
	CE conformity	iayo	
	EMC Directive		2004/108/EC
	 Low Voltage Directive 		2006/95/EC
	Type tests		IEC 60255-6
	COMMUNICATION INTER	FACES	
	Local PC RS232		19200 bps
		100	10200 bp3

Local PC RS232	19200 bps
RS485 port	120057600 bps
Protocol	ModBus® RTU/IEC 60870-5-103

INPUT CIRCUITS

INPUT CIRCUITS	
Operative range 19265 Vac / 19.	80 Vac/dc 300 Vdc W (9 VA)
	25 A 500 A (<i>I</i> _n = 1 A) (<i>I</i> _n = 5 A)
Connections 4 mm ring lugs suitable for M	4 screws
 Low power CTs (according to IEC 60044-8 standard): Nominal primary current /_{np} Extended primary current (selectable via DIP Switche 5 Maximum primary current Nominal secondary voltage (<i>I</i>_{pr} = 100 A) 	100 A s and sw) 01250 A 12.5 kA 22.5 mV
Connections	RJ45 plug
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	25 A 500 A / _{En} = 1 A)
Binary inputs Quantity Type Max permissible voltage Max consumption, energized	3 Iry inputs 300 Vdc 3 mA
	UIIA
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	
— Output relays K1K4 Quantity	4
Command relays K1, K2 Type of contacts changeover (SPD	T type C)
Nominal current	8 A c/400 Vac
 Breaking capacity: Direct current (L/R = 40 ms) 	50 W
 Alternating current (λ = 0,4) 	1250 VA
Short duration current (0,5 s)	000 W/VA 30 A
<i>Signalling relays K3, K4</i> Type of contacts changeover (SPD	T type C)
Nominal current	8 A 2/400 Vac
- LEDs	, 100 100
<i>Quantity</i> • ON/fail (green) • Start (yellow) • Trip (red) • Trip I>, I>>, I>>> (red) • Trip IE>, IE>> (red) • 52a - CB position (red) ^[1] • 52b - CB position (red) ^[1]	8 1 1 1 1 1 1
• TCS - Trip Circuit Supervision (red) [1]	1

Note 1 - Available for versions with data-logger only.

GENERAL SETTINGS

	GENERAL SETTINGS		
	Rated values Phase CT nominal primary current (<i>I</i> _{np}) Residual CT nominal primary current (<i>I</i> _{Enp}) Reading	1 A1000 A 1 A1000 A Direct / Relative	
—	Relay output timers Minimum pulse width (<i>t</i> _{TR})	0.010.50 s	
	PROTECTIVE FUNCTIONS		
_	Phase overcurrent - 50/51		
	 I> Element I> Curve type (I>Curve) 50/51 First threshold inverse time (I>inv) I>inv Operating time (t>inv) 	IEC/BS A, B, C 0.1002.50 /n 0.0260.0 s	
	 l>> Element 50/51 Second threshold definite time (l>>def) l>>def Operating time (t>>def) l>> Reset time delay (t>>RES) 	0.10020.0 <i>I</i> n 0.0310.00 s 0.001.00 s	
	 I>>> Element Definite time 50/51 Third threshold definite time (I>>>def) I>>>def Operating time (t>>>def) I>>> Reset time delay (t>>>RES) 	0.10020.0 <i>I</i> n 0.0310.00 s 0.001.00 s	
	Residual overcurrent - 50N/51N <i>I</i> _E > <i>Element</i> • 50N/51N First threshold definite time (<i>I</i> _E > _{def}) • <i>I</i> _E > _{def} Operating time (<i>t</i> _E > _{def}) • <i>I</i> _E > Reset time delay (<i>t</i> _E > _{RES})	0.0055.00 <i>I</i> _{En} 0.03180 s 0.001.00 s	
	$\begin{array}{l} \textit{I}_{E>>}\textit{Element} \\ \textit{Definite time} \\ \bullet \ 50N/51N \ Second \ threshold \ definite \ time \ (\textit{I}_{E>>d} \\ \bullet \ \textit{I}_{E>>def} \ within \ CLP \ (\textit{I}_{ECLP>>def}) \\ \bullet \ \textit{I}_{E>>def} \ Operating \ time \ (\textit{t}_{E>>def}) \\ \bullet \ \textit{I}_{E>>Reset \ time \ delay} \ (\textit{t}_{E>>RES}) \end{array}$	ef) 0.0055.00 / _{En} 0.0210.00 / _{En} 0.0310.00 s 0.001.00 s	
_	Circuit Breaker BF diagnostic Trip Circuit Supervision (74TCS)	On/Off On/Off	
	METERING & RECORDING		
	 Measured parameters Fundamental RMS phase currents Fundamental RMS residual current 	I _{L1} , I _{L2} , I _{L3} I _E	
_	Circuit Breaker • Position Open - • Trip Circuit Supervision 74TCS • IN1 - 52b state • IN2 - 52a state • IN3 - TCS state	Close - Unknown On/Off On/Off On/Off On/Off	
	Counters • Start I> element • Start I>> element • Start I>>> element • Start IE> element • Trip I>> element • Trip I>> element • Trip I>> element • Trip IE>> element • Trip IE>> element • Trip IE>> element		

• Trip IE>> element

Event recorder	
Event recorder Number of events	100
Recording mode	circular
Trigger:	
 Output relays switching 	K1K4
Binary inputs switching	IN1, IN2, IN3
 Setting changes Data recorded: 	
Event counter (resettable by ThySetter	·) 010 ⁹
	t relay/setting changes
 Time stamp 	Date and time
— Fault recorder	
Number of events	20
Recording mode	circular
Trigger:	
 Output relays activation (OFF-ON trans 	
• External trigger (binary inputs)	IN1, IN2, IN3
 Element pickup (OFF-ON transition) Data recorded: 	Start/Trip
 Event counter (resettable by ThySetter 	·) 010 ⁹
Fundamental RMS phase currents	/ IL1, IL2, IL3
 Fundamental RMS residual current 	
Event cause	start, trip
Binary inputs state	IN1, IN2, IN3
 Output relays state Event cause info (operating phase) 	K1K4 L1, L2, L3
 Time stamp 	Date and time
 Settings recorder 	
Number of setting changes	10
Decending a meete	
Recording mode	circular
Data recorded:	
Data recorded: Setting counter 	circular 010 ⁹ scription and parameter
Data recorded: Setting counter 	010 ⁹
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data des • Time stamp	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data des • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograp)	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data des • Time stamp	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data des • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time NY) ^[1] COMTRADE
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2]
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate Trigger setup	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3]
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate Trigger setup	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time (1) COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger • Trigger from start / trip	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I>
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I>
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger • Trigger from start / trip • Data recorded on analog channels (Article Instantaneous currents • Fundamental RMS phase currents	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) iL1, iL2, iL3, iE IL1, IL2, IL3
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger • Trigger from start / trip • Data recorded on analog channels (Ar • Instantaneous currents	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14)
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate Recording mode Sampling rate • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger • Trigger from start / trip • Data recorded on analog channels (Anti- Instantaneous currents • Fundamental RMS phase currents • Fundamental RMS residual current	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) iL1, iL2, iL3, iE IL1, IL2, IL3 IE
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp • Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger • Trigger from start / trip • Data recorded on analog channels (Article Instantaneous currents • Fundamental RMS phase currents	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) iL1, iL2, iL3, iE IL1, IL2, IL3 IE
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) File format Records Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup Pre-trigger time Trigger from inputs Trigger from outputs General trigger from start / trip Manual trigger Trigger from start / trip Data recorded on analog channels (Article of the state of the	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) IN1, IN2, IN3 L1, IL2, IL3, IE IL1, IL2, IL3 IE al 14)
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) File format Records Records Records Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup Pre-trigger time Trigger from inputs Trigger from outputs General trigger from start / trip Manual trigger Trigger from start / trip Data recorded on analog channels (Article of the state of the stat	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) IN1, IN2, IN3
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillographeration of the stamp) File format Records Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup Pre-trigger time Trigger from inputs Trigger from outputs General trigger from start / trip Manual trigger Trigger from start / trip Data recorded on analog channels (Article of the state of the	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) <i>i</i> L1, <i>i</i> L2, <i>i</i> L3, <i>i</i> E <i>I</i> L1, <i>I</i> L2, <i>I</i> L3 <i>I</i> E al 14) IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger • Trigger from start / trip • Data recorded on analog channels (Arelianter in the stantaneous currents • Fundamental RMS phase currents • Fundamental RMS presidual current Data recorded on digital channels (Digitane) • Binary inputs state • Output relays state • General trigger from start / trip Note 1 - The oscillography records are stored in m. Note 2 - the time duration of the two records is defined in the two records	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) <i>i</i> L1, <i>i</i> L2, <i>i</i> L3, <i>i</i> E <i>I</i> L1, <i>I</i> L2, <i>I</i> L3 <i>I</i> E al 14) IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip pon-volatile memory
Data recorded: • Setting counter • Setting data • Time stamp — Digital Fault Recorder (Oscillograph File format Records Recording mode Sampling rate 16 per Trigger setup • Pre-trigger time • Trigger from inputs • Trigger from outputs • General trigger from start / trip • Manual trigger • Trigger from start / trip • Data recorded on analog channels (Article) • Instantaneous currents • Fundamental RMS phase currents • Fundamental RMS phase currents • Fundamental RMS residual current Data recorded on digital channels (Digital • Binary inputs state • Output relays state • General trigger from start / trip Note 1 - The oscillography records are stored in m. Note 2 - the time duration of the two records is de, Example, with settings:	010 ⁹ scription and parameter Date and time ny) ^[1] COMTRADE 2 ^[2] circular power frequency cycle 063 T ^[3] IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip ThySetter Start I>, I>>,Trip I> halog 14) <i>i</i> L1, <i>i</i> L2, <i>i</i> L3, <i>i</i> E <i>I</i> L1, <i>I</i> L2, <i>I</i> L3 <i>I</i> E al 14) IN1, IN2, IN3 K1K4 Start, Trip pon-volatile memory bendent of settings
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the stored record duration with f = 50 Hz is 240 ms

Note 3 - T = number of power cycles

Example, with settings T=4 the pre-trigger duration is 80 ms with f = 50 Hz

— Example of connection diagram with traditional CT inputs and acquisition of CB states for Data Logger



- Example of connection diagram with low power CT inputs and acquisition of CB states for Data Logger



DIMENSIONS

FRONT VIEW

REAR VIEW



SIDE VIEW





75

30









FLUSH MOUNTING CUTOUT



<u>LEDS</u>



ON: powered device and diagnostics OK START: start TRIP: trip

Note: the 3, 4 and 5 LEDs are active only with Logger option

Keys (CB open) and (CB close) are disabled

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A PERSONALISED SERVICE OF THE PRODUCTION, A RAPID DELIVERY, A COMPETITIVE PRICE AND AN ATTENTIVE EVALUATION OF OUR CUSTOMERS NEEDS, HAVE ALL CONTRIBUTED IN MAKING US ONE OF THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE PRODUCERS OF PROTECTIVE RELAYS. FORTY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE HAS MADE STANDARD THESE ADVANTAGES THAT ARE GREATLY APPRECIATED BY LARGE COMPANIES THAT DEAL ON THE INTERNATIONAL MARKET. A HIGHLY QUALIFIED AND MOTIVATED STAFF PERMITS US TO OFFER AN AVANT-GARDE PRODUCT AND SERVICE WHICH MEET ALL SAFETY AND CONTINUITY DEMANDS, VITAL IN THE GENERATION OF ELECTRIC POWER. OUR COMPANY PHILOSOPHY HAS HAD A POSITIVE REACTION FROM THE MARKET BY BACKING OUR COMMITMENT AND HENCE STIMULATING OUR GROWTH.

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